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Department of the Treasury Washington, DC 20224

Third Party Communication: None Date of Communication: Not Applicable

Person To Contact:

ID No.

Telephone Number:

Refer Reply To: CC:PSI:B01 PLR-115705-17

Date:

September 28, 2017

LEGEND

X =

<u>State</u>

Date 1

Date 2

Date 3 =

Trust 1

Grantor

Trust 2 = <u>a</u> =

Dear :

This responds to a letter dated April 7, 2017, and subsequent correspondence, submitted on behalf of \underline{X} by \underline{X} 's authorized representative, requesting relief under § 1362(f) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code).

FACTS

According to the information submitted, \underline{X} was incorporated under the laws of <u>State</u> on <u>Date 1</u>. \underline{X} elected to be treated as an S corporation effective <u>Date 1</u>.

<u>Trust 1</u> was a shareholder of <u>X</u>. <u>Trust 1</u> was a trust all of which was treated (under subpart E of part I of subchapter J) as owned by <u>Grantor</u>. <u>Grantor</u> was a U.S. citizen. On <u>Date 2</u>, <u>Grantor</u> died and <u>Trust 1</u> became irrevocable. On <u>Date 3</u>, <u>Trust 1</u> transferred its \underline{X} shares to <u>Trust 2</u>. A timely election to treat <u>Trust 2</u> as an ESBT was not made. As a result, \underline{X} 's S election terminated on <u>Date 3</u>.

 \underline{X} represents that $\underline{Trust\ 2}$ has at all times met the requirements of an ESBT within the meaning of § 1361(e). \underline{X} further represents that it has filed its returns consistent with being an S corporation. Throughout the period that $\underline{Trust\ 2}$ has been a shareholder of \underline{X} , however, $\underline{Trust\ 2}$ has not filed its federal income tax returns consistent with being an ESBT. \underline{X} represents that its S corporation election termination was inadvertent and was not motivated by tax avoidance or retroactive tax planning. Further, \underline{X} represents that \underline{X} and its shareholders agree to make any adjustments required as a condition of obtaining relief under the inadvertent termination rule as provided under § 1362(f) of the Code that may be required by the Secretary.

LAW AND ANALYSIS

Section 1361(a)(1) provides that the term "S corporation" means, with respect to any taxable year, a small business corporation for which an election under § 1362(a) is in effect for such year.

Section 1361(b)(1) defines a "small business corporation" as a domestic corporation that is not an ineligible corporation and that does not (A) have more than 100 shareholders, (B) have as a shareholder a person (other than an estate, a trust described in § 1361(c)(2), or an organization described in § 1361(c)(6)) who is not an individual, (C) have a nonresident alien as a shareholder, and (D) have more than one class of stock.

Section 1361(c)(2)(A)(i) provides that a trust, all of which is treated (under subpart E of part I of subchapter J of chapter 1) as owned by an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States, may be an S corporation shareholder.

Section 1361(c)(2)(A)(ii) provides that, for purposes of § 1361(b)(1)(B), a trust all of which was treated (under subpart E of part I of subchapter J) as owned by an individual who was a citizen or resident of the United States immediately before the death of the individual may continue to be an S corporation shareholder for the 2-year period beginning on the date of death.

Section 1361(c)(2)(A)(v) provides that, for purposes of § 1362(b)(1)(B), an electing small business trust (ESBT) may be an S corporation shareholder.

Section 1361(e) an ESBT means any trust if (i) such trust does not have as a beneficiary any person other than (I) an individual, (II) an estate, (III) an organization described in § 170(c)(2), (3), (4), or (5), or (IV) an organization described in § 170(c)(1) which holds a contingent interest in such trust and is not a potential current beneficiary, (ii) no interest in such trust was acquired by purchase, and (iii) an election under § 1361(e) applies to such trust.

Section 1361(e)(1)(B) provides that the term "electing small business trust" shall not include (i) any qualified subchapter S trust (as defined in § 1361(d)(3)) if an election under § 1361(d)(2) applies to any corporation the stock of which is held by such trust, (ii) any trust exempt from tax under subtitle A, and (iii) any charitable remainder annuity trust or charitable remainder unitrust (as defined in § 664(d)).

Section 1361(e)(3) provides that an election under § 1361(e) shall be made by the trustee. Any such election shall apply to the taxable year of the trust for which made and all subsequent taxable years of such trust unless revoked with the consent of the Secretary.

Section 1.1361-1(m)(2)(i) provides that the trustee of an ESBT must make the ESBT election by signing and filing, with the service center where the S corporation files its income tax return, a statement that meets the requirements of § 1.1361-1(m)(2)(ii).

Section 1.1361-1(m)(2)(iii) provides that the trustee of an ESBT must file the ESBT election within the time requirements prescribed in § 1.1361-1(j)(6)(iii) for filing a QSST election (generally within the 16-day-and-2-month period beginning on the day that the stock is transferred to the trust).

Section 1362(d)(2)(A) provides that an election under § 1362(a) shall be terminated whenever the corporation ceases to be a small business corporation.

Section 1362(f) provides, in relevant part, that if (1) an election under § 1362(a) by any corporation was terminated under paragraph (2) or (3) of § 1362(d), (2) the Secretary determines that the circumstances resulting in such termination were inadvertent, (3) no later than a reasonable period of time after discovery of the circumstances resulting in termination, steps were taken so that the corporation is once more a small business corporation, and (4) the corporation and each person who was a shareholder of the corporation at any time during the period specified pursuant to § 1362(f), agrees to make any adjustments (consistent with the treatment of the corporation as an S corporation) as may be required by the Secretary with respect to the period, then, notwithstanding the circumstances resulting in the termination, the corporation will be treated as continuing to be an S corporation during the period specified by the Secretary.

Section 1.1362-4(d) of the Income Tax Regulations provides that the Commissioner may require any adjustments that are appropriate. In general, the adjustments required should be consistent with the treatment of the corporation as an S corporation during the period specified by the Commissioner.

CONCLUSION

Based solely on the facts submitted and the representations made, we conclude that \underline{X} 's S election terminated on $\underline{Date\ 3}$ because of the failure to timely file an ESBT election for $\underline{Trust\ 2}$. We further conclude that the termination of \underline{X} 's S election was inadvertent within the meaning of § 1362(f). Therefore, \underline{X} will be treated as an S corporation effective $\underline{Date\ 3}$ and thereafter, provided \underline{X} 's S corporation election is otherwise valid and not otherwise terminated under § 1362(d).

This letter ruling is subject to the following conditions: Within 120 days from the date of this letter, (1) an adjustment payment in the amount of <u>\$a</u> and a copy of this letter must be sent to the following address: Internal Revenue Service, Cincinnati Service Center, 201 West Rivercenter Blvd., Covington, KY 41011, Stop 31, Terri Lackey, Manual Deposit; and (2) An election to treat <u>Trust 2</u> as an ESBT effective <u>Date 3</u> must be made with the appropriate service center. A copy of this letter should be attached to the ESBT election.

Except as expressly provided herein, no opinion is expressed or implied concerning the tax consequences of any aspect of any transaction or item discussed or referenced in this letter. Specifically, no opinion is expressed concerning whether \underline{X} is otherwise eligible to be treated as an S corporation, or whether $\underline{Trust\ 2}$ is eligible to be treated as an ESBT.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayer who requested it. According to § 6110(k)(3), this ruling may not be used or cited as precedent.

Pursuant to the power of attorney on file with this office, we are sending a copy of this letter to \underline{X} 's authorized representative.

Sincerely,

Laura C. Fields

Laura C. Fields
Senior Technician Reviewer, Branch 1
Office of the Associate Chief Counsel
(Passthroughs & Special Industries)

Enclosures (2)

Copy of this letter Copy of this letter for § 6110 purposes

CC: