

Date: 06/26/2025 Employer ID number:

Person to contact:

Release Number: 202538037 Release Date: 9/19/2025

UIL Number: 501.03-00, 501.03-30

Dear

This letter is our final determination that you don't qualify for exemption from federal income tax under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 501(a) as an organization described in IRC Section 501(c)(3). Recently, we sent you a proposed adverse determination in response to your application. The proposed adverse determination explained the facts, law, and basis for our conclusion, and it gave you 30 days to file a protest. Because we didn't receive a protest within the required 30 days, the proposed determination is now final.

Because you don't qualify as a tax-exempt organization under IRC Section 501(c)(3), donors generally can't deduct contributions to you under IRC Section 170.

We may notify the appropriate state officials of our determination, as required by IRC Section 6104(c), by sending them a copy of this final letter along with the proposed determination letter.

You must file the federal income tax forms for the tax years shown above within 30 days from the date of this letter unless you request an extension of time to file. For further instructions, forms, and information, visit www.irs.gov.

We'll make this final adverse determination letter and the proposed adverse determination letter available for public inspection after deleting certain identifying information, as required by IRC Section 6110. Read the enclosed Letter 437, Notice of Intention to Disclose - Rulings, and review the two attached letters that show our proposed deletions. If you disagree with our proposed deletions, follow the instructions in the Letter 437 on how to notify us. If you agree with our deletions, you don't need to take any further action.

If you have questions about this letter, you can call the contact person shown above. If you have questions about your federal income tax status and responsibilities, call our customer service number at 800-829-1040 (TTY 800-829-4933 for deaf or hard of hearing) or customer service for businesses at 800-829-4933.

Sincerely,

Stephen A. Martin Director, Exempt Organizations Rulings and Agreements

Enclosures: Letter 437 Redacted Letter 4034 Letter 4038



Date: 04/29/2025 Employer ID number:

Person to contact:

Name:

ID number

Telephone

Fax

Legend:

B = Date

C = State

D = City

E = Event

x percent = percent

Dear

UIL:

501.03-00

501.03-30

We considered your application for recognition of exemption from federal income tax under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 501(a). We determined that you don't qualify for exemption under IRC Section 501(c)(3). This letter explains the reasons for our conclusion. Please keep it for your records.

Issues

Do you qualify for exemption under IRC Section 501(c)(3)? No, for the reasons stated below.

Facts

You submitted Form 1023-EZ, Streamline Application for Recognition of Exemption Under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

You attest that you were formed on B in the state of C. You attest that you have the necessary organizing document, that your organizing document limits your purposes to one or more exempt purposes within the meaning of the IRC Section 501(c)(3), that your organizing document does not expressly empower you to engage in activities, other than an insubstantial part, that are not in furtherance of one or more exempt purposes, and that your organizing document contains the dissolution provision required under Section 501(c)(3).

You attest that you are organized and operated exclusively to further charitable purposes. You attest that you have not conducted and will not conduct prohibited activities under IRC Section 501(c)(3). Specifically, you attest you will:

- Refrain from supporting or opposing candidates in political campaigns in any way
- Ensure that your net earnings do not inure in whole or in part to the benefit of private shareholders or individuals

- Not further non-exempt purposes (such as purposes that benefit private interests) more than insubstantially
- Not be organized or operated for the primary purpose of conducting a trade or business that is not related to your exempt purpose(s)
- Not devote more than an insubstantial part of your activities attempting to influence legislation or, if you made a Section 501(h) election, not normally make expenditures in excess of expenditure limitations outlined in Section 501(h)
- Not provide commercial-type insurance as a substantial part of your activities

On your Form 1023-EZ, you described your primary activities as planning and operating community events within D and the surrounding greater area. This includes but is not limited to your town festival, E.

During review of your Form 1023-EZ, detailed information was subsequently requested.

Your community festival, E, is held once a year on a weekend during the summer. You spend x percent of your time and resources on organizing and operating E. This community festival includes a wide array of events such as those listed below, as well as many more.

- Live Music
- Food Trucks
- Community Parade
- Bean Bag Tournament
- Craft Fair
- Car Show
- Community Breakfast
- · 3-on-3 Basketball Tournament

In addition to E, you host Halloween, Easter, and Christmas events. These events offer a safe and engaging space for community interaction. You are dedicated to fostering a strong sense of community and connection through the planning and execution of inclusive, family-friendly events. You strive to enhance the cherished traditions of D, most notably E. You collaborate with local businesses, non-profits, and volunteers to create events that are accessible to all, promote civic pride, and strengthen bonds within your

You are mostly funded by donations of money, good, and services from local businesses, and the vendor fees you charge at your events.

Law

IRC Section 501(c)(3) provides for the recognition of exemption of organizations that are organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, or other purposes as specified in the statute. No part of the net earnings may inure to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

Treasury Regulation Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(a)(1) provides that in order to be exempt under IRC Section 501(c)(3) an organization must be organized and operated exclusively for one or more of the exempt purposes specified in that section. If an organization fails to meet either the organizational test or the operational test, it does not qualify for exemption.

Treas. Reg. Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(c)(1) provides that an organization will be regarded as "operated exclusively" for one or more exempt purposes only if it engages primarily in activities that accomplish one or more exempt purposes specified in IRC Section 501(c)(3). An organization will not be so regarded if more than an insubstantial part of its activities is not in furtherance of an exempt purpose.

Revenue Ruling 67-216, 1967-2 C.B. 180, described a nonprofit organization that was formed and operated exclusively to instruct the public on agricultural matters by conducting annual public fairs and exhibitions of livestock, poultry, and farm products. It qualified for exemption from federal income tax under IRC Section 501(c)(3). The organization's activities and exhibits were planned and managed by or in collaboration with persons whose business it was to inform and instruct farmers and the general public on agricultural, and the resulting displays were designed to be instructive. The presence at the fair of recreational features such as midway shows, refreshment stands, and a rodeo were incidental to the fair's overall educational purpose.

In <u>Better Business Bureau of Washington</u>, <u>D.C.</u>, <u>Inc.</u> v. United States, 326 U.S. 279 (1945), the Supreme Court determined the activities of that organization were aimed at promoting the prosperity and standing of the business community and therefore, served a substantial private purpose. It concluded that the presence of a single nonexempt purpose, if substantial in nature, will preclude exemption regardless of the number or importance of statutorily exempt purposes.

In Spanish American Cultural Association of Bergenfield v. Commissioner, T.C. Memo 1994-510 (1994), the Tax Court described an organization which was created to foster the cultural heritage of the local Spanish-American residents. Except for the charitable donations and scholarships, the organization primarily engaged in social activities designed to provide Spanish-American residents with a sense of community. They were granted exempt status under IRC Section 501(c)(4), but then applied for exempt status as a charitable organization described in Section 501(c)(3). It was found that they did not qualify under Section 501(c)(3) because their social activities were more than insubstantial in comparison to its charitable activities. The organization spent approximately 75% of their time preparing events, recruiting and carrying on cultural activities and fundraisers. Although the court did not wish to establish percentage thresholds for purposes of applying the operational test, the percentages in this case are persuasive in demonstrating the insubstantiality of petitioner's charitable and educational activities in comparison with its social activities.

Application of law

IRC Section 501(c)(3) and Treas. Reg. Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(a)(1) set forth two main tests for qualification of exempt status. An organization must be both organized and operated exclusively for purposes described in Section 501(c)(3). Furthermore, Treas. Reg. Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(c)(1) states that to be operated exclusively for one or more exempt purposes, an organization must engage primarily in activities that accomplish one or more exempt purposes specified in Section 501(c)(3).

You are not like the organization that qualified for exemption in Rev. Rul. 67-216, which held that the recreational features of the organization's events were incidental to their overall educational purpose. You spend x percent of your time and resources on E. Although E may have some exempt purposes, the primary purpose of E is to enhance the cherished traditions of D, promote civic pride, and strengthen bonds within your . E is substantially operated for social and recreational purposes which are non-exempt purposes.

You are like the organization described in <u>Spanish American Cultural Association of Bergenfield</u>, which held that the organization primarily engaged in social activities designed to provide Spanish-American residents with a sense of community. You spend x percent of your time and resources on organizing and operating E. The primary purpose of E is to enhance the cherished traditions of D, promote civic pride, and strengthen bonds within your .

Like the organization described in <u>Better Business Bureau of Washington, D.C., Inc.</u>, although you may have some educational and charitable purposes, you are operated for substantial social and recreational non-exempt purposes. The presence of a single non-exempt purpose, if substantial in nature, will destroy the exemption regardless of number or importance of truly exempt purposes.

Conclusion

You fail the operational test because you are operated for substantial social and recreational non-exempt purposes. Therefore, you do not qualify for exemption under IRC Section 501(c)(3).

If you agree

If you agree with our proposed adverse determination, you don't need to do anything. If we don't hear from you within 30 days, we'll issue a final adverse determination letter. That letter will provide information on your income tax filing requirements.

If you don't agree

You have a right to protest if you don't agree with our proposed adverse determination. To do so, send us a protest within 30 days of the date of this letter. You must include:

- Your name, address, employer identification number (EIN), and a daytime phone number
- A statement of the facts, law, and arguments supporting your position
- A statement indicating whether you are requesting an Appeals Office conference
- The signature of an officer, director, trustee, or other official who is authorized to sign for the organization or your authorized representative
- The following declaration:

For an officer, director, trustee, or other official who is authorized to sign for the organization: Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this request, or this modification to the request, including accompanying documents, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, the request or the modification contains all relevant facts relating to the request, and such facts are true, correct, and complete.

Your representative (attorney, certified public accountant, or other individual enrolled to practice before the IRS) must file a Form 2848, Power of Attorney and Declaration of Representative, with us if they haven't already done so. You can find more information about representation in Publication 947, Practice Before the IRS and Power of Attorney.

We'll review your protest statement and decide if you gave us a basis to reconsider our determination. If so, we'll continue to process your case considering the information you provided. If you haven't given us a basis for reconsideration, we'll send your case to the Appeals Office and notify you. You can find more information in Publication 892, How to Appeal an IRS Determination on Tax-Exempt Status.

If you don't file a protest within 30 days, you can't seek a declaratory judgment in court later because the law requires that you use the IRC administrative process first (IRC Section 7428(b)(2)).

Where to send your protest

Send your protest, Form 2848, if applicable, and any supporting documents to the applicable address:

U.S. mail:

Internal Revenue Service EO Determinations Quality Assurance Mail Stop 6403 PO Box 2508 Cincinnati, OH 45201

Street address for delivery service:

Internal Revenue Service EO Determinations Quality Assurance 550 Main Street, Mail Stop 6403 Cincinnati, OH 45202

You can also fax your protest and supporting documents to the fax number listed at the top of this letter. If you fax your statement, please contact the person listed at the top of this letter to confirm that they received it.

You can get the forms and publications mentioned in this letter by visiting our website at www.irs.gov/forms-pubs or by calling 800-TAX-FORM (800-829-3676). If you have questions, you can contact the person listed at the top of this letter.

Contacting the Taxpayer Advocate Service

The Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) is an independent organization within the IRS that can help protect your taxpayer rights. TAS can offer you help if your tax problem is causing a hardship, or if you've tried but haven't been able to resolve your problem with the IRS. If you qualify for TAS assistance, which is always free, TAS will do everything possible to help you. Visit www.taxpayeradvocate.irs.gov or call 877-777-4778.

Sincerely,

Stephen A. Martin Director, Exempt Organizations Rulings and Agreements